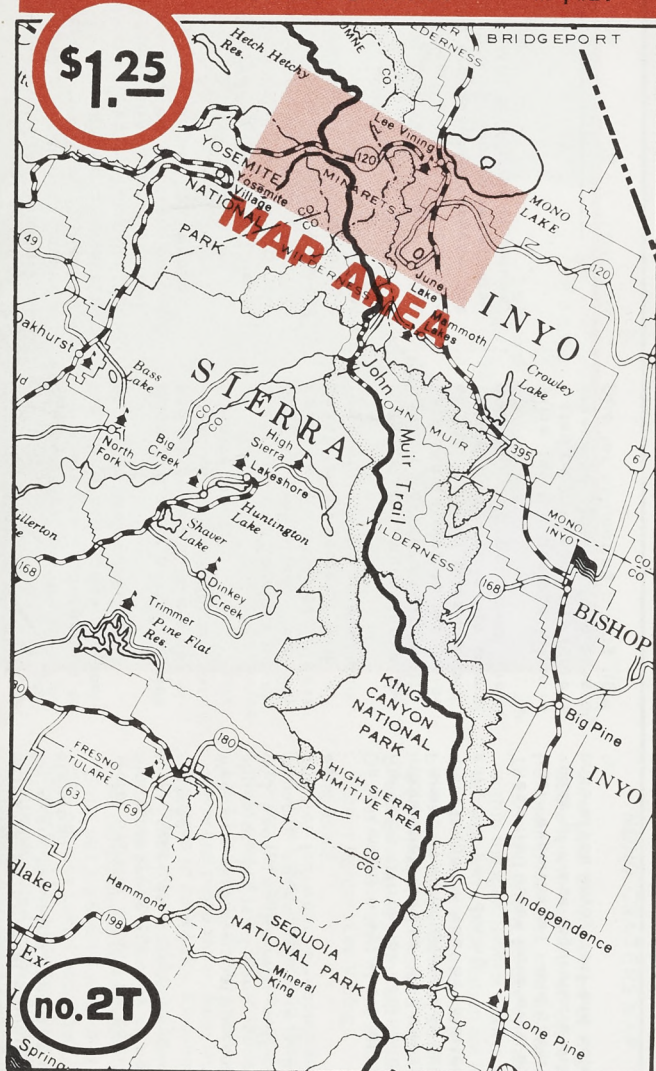


KYM'S
BACKPACKER'S
Topographic Map
JOHN MUIR TRAIL
Section of Pacific Crest Trail
TUOLUMNE
MEADOWS
MONO CRATERS
CALIFORNIA Map #2T

\$1.25



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MONO CRATERS MAP

June Lake Loop—is west of Highway 395 a few miles south of Lee Vining. Shopping facilities, motels, trailer courts and phone service available within the area. Several resorts, boat landings and a pack station are located here. Lakes and streams set amid mountain peaks. Gateway to Minaret Wilderness, Gem Pass and Agnew Pass. Swimming permitted in June Lake. Administered by the Mono District Ranger, Lee Vining, California.

In June Lake Campground (National Forest) the shore of June Lake, 2 miles west of U.S. 395 on the June Lake Loop Road are 40 camps with stoves and piped water. Boat launching ramp to June Lake. Elevation 7600 feet. Stores and supplies nearby. May to October.

The campgrounds on the shore of Gull Lake are 5 miles west of U.S. 395 on June Lake Loop Road. Upper Gull Lake Campground (National Forest)—has 13 camps, piped water and boat launching ramp. Lower Gull Lake (National Forest)—is across the road and has 18 units with piped water and stoves. Supplies nearby. Elevation 7600 feet. May to October.

Silver Lake Campground (National Forest)—is 7 1/2 miles west of Highway 395. 65 camp units with stoves on the northwest shore of Silver Lake. Piped water. Resort and pack station adjacent. Elevation 7200 feet. May to October.

Northeast of Silver Lake Campground along Rush Creek are 50 camps along 2 1/2 miles of Rush Creek. No water is provided, but can be obtained from Silver Lake Campground nearby. Elevation 7200 feet. May to October.

The Lee Vining Creek-Tioga Pass Area—offers boating, fishing, hunting, hiking and unsurpassed alpine and sub-alpine scenic beauty. Gateway to Yosemite National Park, Hoover Wilderness and the John Muir Wilderness. Administered by the Mono District Ranger, Lee Vining, California.

Lee Vining Campground (National Forest)—is 1 1/2 miles west of Lee Vining on Tioga Pass Highway (State 120) near Lee Vining Ranger Station on Lee Vining Creek. 17 camps with stoves. Piped water. Elevation 7200 feet. May to October.

Azusa Campground (Mono County)—on Lee Vining Creek 1 mile west of Ranger Station on marked turnoff. Stream water. 10 units. May to September.

Five miles west of Lee Vining and 2 miles off State 120 is Big Bend Campground (National Forest)—19 camp units with stoves. Piped water. Elevation 7600 feet. May to October.

Ellery Lake Campground (National Forest)—is on State 120, 12 miles west of U.S. 395, 2 miles from Yosemite Park boundary. 16 camps with stoves. Well water. Elevation 9500 feet. June to September.

Hartley Springs Campground (National Forest)—is 11 miles north of the Mammoth turnoff and 1 1/2 miles west of Highway 395 on dirt road. 70 camps. Piped water. Elevation 8400 feet. June to September.

From Tuolumne Meadows the John Muir Trail continues through Lyell Canyon to Donohue Pass.

The Clouds Rest Trail, the Sunrise and Tuolumne Meadows Trail and the Vogelsong Trail via Vogelsong High Sierra Camp and Merced Lake lead to Yosemite Valley.

The trails from Yosemite Valley to Tuolumne Meadows are approximately 20 miles.

Above Tuolumne Meadows the Pacific Crest Trail continues to Glen Aulin High Sierra Camp. The trail then continues through Cold Canyon.

From Donohue Pass near Rush Creek a trail leads to Waugh Lake and to modern facilities at June Lake.

Travel Tips

Be observant. Watch the trail; remember your route; note landmarks, streams, mountains, and the lay of the land. Keep track of time and weather. Be alert for loose rocks, ledges, and other hazards.

Travel alone only if you are an experienced woodsman. On the trail, keep your group together; don't let anyone lag behind. Make camp before dark. Traveling in darkness or during a storm may lead to tragedy.

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John Muir Trail Series
Kym's Topographic Map Series

1. Yosemite & Merced Peak
2. Tuolumne Meadows & Mono Craters
3. Devils Postpile & Mt. Morrison
4. Mt. A. & Blackcap Mtn.
5. Big Pine & Mt. Goddard
6. Mt. Pinchot & Independence
7. Mt. Whitney & Lone Pine

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SCALE 1:62,500

1 2 3 4 MILES
0 3000 6000 9000 12000 15000 18000 21000 FEET

CONTOUR INTERVAL 80 FEET
DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL

ROAD CLASSIFICATION

Medium-duty ——— Light-duty ———
Unimproved dirt ——— State Route —○—

Legend

■ Ranger Stations, important sites
▲ Campsites, campgrounds ● Resorts

The magnetic north lines are approximate indications; they are indicated to aid in determining approximate location, direction or orientation.

BIRDS and MAMMALS of Yosemite National Park

In Yosemite National Park there are recorded more than 225 bird and 80 mammal species. Not all of them are commonly seen by the Park visitors. More important, however, each species occupies a certain niche in Nature's scheme and, therefore, contributes to the welfare of other plants and animals, including man. Through study and conservation in field and library, one can gain an appreciation of wildlife and hopefully arrive at a better understanding of the role each species plays.

Opportunities to observe and study wildlife vary throughout the Park and for each season. Many animals stay within accustomed life zones or belts of particular communities of plants and animals, depending on elevation. Other species, such as the mule deer, migrate between high and low elevations, or, as with some birds, move southward or northward with seasonal changes.

Some of the more commonly seen birds and mammals that live in Yosemite National Park are listed according to the life zones in which they most commonly occur.

UPPER SONORAN—500 to 3,000-4,000 feet. Digger pine, blue oak, interior live oak, scrub oak, mountain mahogany, toyon and other chaparral plants. The brushland or chaparral zone of the foothills. BIRDS: Nuttall's woodpecker, scrub jay, sage sparrow, brown towhee, Hutton's vireo, California thrasher, Bewick's wren, plain titmouse, wren-tit, western bluebird. MAMMALS: Brush rabbit, western harvest mouse, dusky-footed woodrat, spotted skunk, mule deer (winter).

TRANSITION—3,000-4,000 to 6,000-7,000 feet. Ponderosa pine, sugar pine, incense cedar, white fir, Douglas-fir, black oak, canyon live oak, big leaf maple, dogwood. BIRDS: Pygmy owl, banded pigeon, California purple finch, solitary vireo, Nashville warbler, black-throated gray warbler, Macgillivray's warbler, winter wren. MAMMALS: California mole, black-tailed jack-rabbit, western gray squirrel, California ground squirrel, valley pocket gopher, Allen's pocket mouse, deer mouse, gray fox, ringtail racoon, mink, striped skunk, mountain lion, bobcat, black bear.

CANADIAN—6,000-7,000 to 8,000-9,000 feet. Red fir, Jeffrey pine, western white pine, lodgepole pine, quaking aspen, chinquapin. BIRDS: Blue grouse, goshawk, calliope hummingbird, Williamson's sapsucker, Hammond's flycatcher, Cassin's purple finch, Townsend's solitaire, Lincoln's sparrow. MAMMALS: White-tailed jackrabbit, Douglas squirrel, yellow-bellied marmot, northern flying squirrel, golden-mantled ground squirrel, lodgepole chipmunk, bush-tailed woodrat, porcupine, black bear, coyote, long-tailed weasel, marten, river otter.

HUDSONIAN—8,000-9,000 to 11,000-11,500 feet. Whitebark pine, mountain hemlock. BIRDS: Black-backed three-toed woodpecker, mountain bluebird, pine grosbeak, Clark's nutcracker, white-crowned sparrow. MAMMALS: Water shrew, pika, Belding's ground squirrel, mountain pocket gopher, heather vole, mule deer (summer), badger.

ARCTIC-ALPINE—11,000-11,500 feet and above. Dwarf willow, various dwarf and matted flowering plants, and turf-forming grasses and sedges—the area above timberline. BIRDS: Gray-crowned rosy finch, horned lark. MAMMALS: Alpine chipmunk, alpine pocket gopher, pika.

LIFE ZONES in the Yosemite Region with Plant and Animal Indicators

Hiking Rules in Yosemite

Please stay on trails. Taking shortcuts is dangerous to the hiker, and erodes and damages the landscape.

Dogs and other pets, bicycles and motor vehicles are not allowed on trails under any circumstances.

Smoking on trails while traveling is prohibited. You may smoke while stopped. Please be extremely careful with all fires while visiting your park.

Horses and mules have the right of way on all trails. Hikers should step to the inside of the trail, if possible and remain quiet while the animal passes. Do not touch them.

Time for the average hiker is listed on the round trip (unless otherwise stated). As a general rule for estimating hiking time

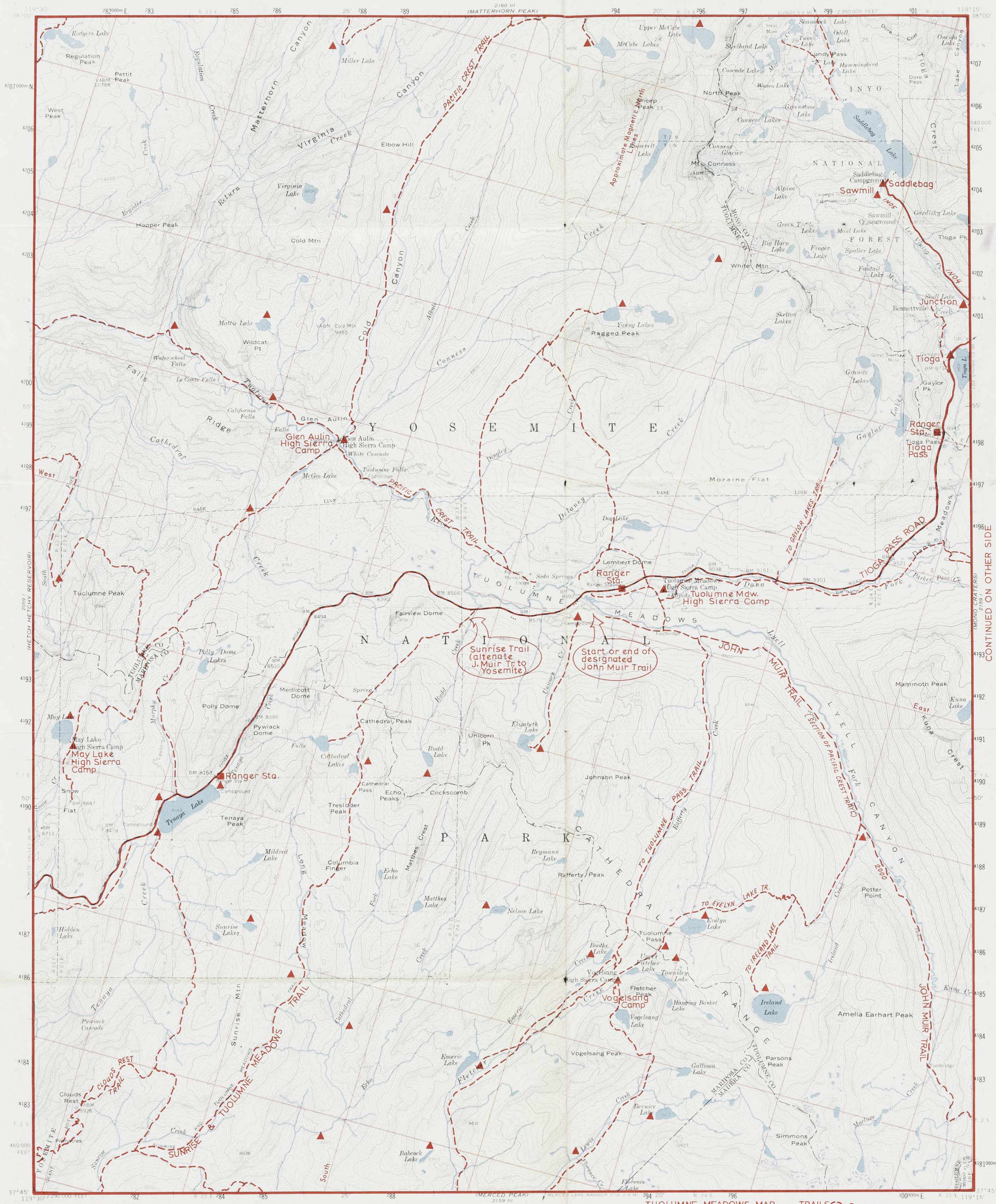
—allow one hour for every two miles on fairly level ground or for every thousand feet rise in elevation.

Water usually should be carried since presence or purity of natural supplies cannot be guaranteed.

Wear non-skid composition soled shoes or boots. Tennis shoes and heavy socks will suffice in many cases but more substantial footwear is recommended.

On overnight trips, check at the Ranger's Office for additional information and a Wilderness Permit. It is strongly advised that longer hikes be started early in the morning.

These trail rules have evolved from experience, and observance of these regulations will ensure your enjoyment and safety.



TUOLUMNE MEADOWS MAP

TIAGA ROAD

The Tioga Road across the crest of the Sierra Nevada in Yosemite National Park is a surfaced, two-lane high-gear road. Visitors pulling camping-type house trailers should experience no difficulty.

The Tioga Road within the park passes through one of the most scenic mountain wilderness areas in the United States. From Crane Flat, elevation 6,190 feet, the road ascends, over its 46 mile easterly route, to Tioga Pass, elevation 9,950 feet. There are a number of scenic overlooks from which outstanding scenic views may be enjoyed and photographs taken. The first-time visitor should plan his time to make these stops.

From Yosemite Village to Tioga Pass is a distance of 62 miles. There are several good campgrounds along the way. Accommodations (reservations recommended) are available at White Wolf and Tuolumne Meadows Lodge from mid-June to Labor Day. Contact Yosemite Park and Curry Company, Yosemite National Park, California 95389. A service station, store, coffee shop, and post office at Tuolumne Meadows are open from July 1 to Labor Day. There is also a service station at Crane Flat.

The Tioga Road is normally free of snow and open to travel from about May 25 to early November.

LAKES LISTED ALPHABETICALLY BY DISTANCE OF HIKE

Tenaya Lake—next to Tioga Rd., rainbow trout, brook trout

LAKES REACHED BY A HIKE UP TO TWO MILES

Cathedral Lake (lower)—from Tioga Rd., 1.5 miles, brook trout.

Dog Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 1.3 miles, brook trout.

Gaylor Lakes (upper)—from Tioga Pass, 1.5 miles, brook trout.

Gaylor Lakes (middle)—from Tioga Pass, 1.0 mile, brook trout.

Granite Lakes (upper)—from Tioga Pass, 1.5 miles, rainbow trout, brook trout.

Granite Lakes (lower)—from Tioga Pass, 1.5 miles, brook trout.

May Lake—from Tioga Road, 1.2 miles, brook trout, rainbow trout.

LAKES REACHED BY A HIKE OF FROM TWO TO FOUR MILES

Cathedral Lake (upper)—from Tioga Rd., 4.0 miles, brook trout.

Echo Lake—from Tioga Rd., 3.7 miles, brook trout.

Elizabeth Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 2.8 miles, brook trout.

Johnson Peak Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 4.0 miles, brook trout.

Kuna Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 4.0 miles, brook trout, rainbow trout.

Mildred Lake—from Tenaya Lake, 3.0 miles, brook trout.

Reymann Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 4.0 miles, brook trout.

Sunrise Lakes (upper)—from Tenaya Lake, 3.5 miles, rainbow trout.

Sunrise Lakes (lower)—from Tenaya Lake, 3.0 miles, rainbow trout.

Sunrise Lakes ("X")—from Tenaya Lake, 2.5 miles, brook trout.

LAKES REACHED BY A HIKE OF FROM FOUR TO EIGHT MILES

Bingamen Lakes (lower)—from Tuolumne Mdw., 4.5 miles, brook trout.

Bingamen Lakes (upper)—from Tuolumne Mdw., 4.7 miles, golden trout, rainbow trout.

Boothe Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 6.0 miles, brook trout.

Budd Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 5.0 miles, brook trout.

Fletcher Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 7.1 miles, brook trout.

Hanging Basket Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 7.7 miles, cut-throat trout.

Helen Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 8.0 miles, brook trout.

Matthes Lake—from Tenaya Lake, 8.0 miles, brook trout.

McCabe Lakes (upper)—from Saddlebag Lake, 5.0 miles, rainbow trout.

McCabe Lakes (middle)—from Saddlebag Lake, 5.5 miles, rainbow trout.

McCabe Lakes (lower)—from Saddlebag Lake, 6.0 miles, rainbow trout.

McGee Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 6.0 miles, rainbow trout.

Nelson Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 6.0 miles, brook trout.

Parker Pass Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 6.2 miles, brook trout.

Roosevelt Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 8.0 miles, rainbow trout.

Spillway Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 6.0 miles, rainbow trout, brook trout, brown trout.

Townsend Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 7.6 miles, golden trout.

Vogelsang Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 7.7 miles, rainbow trout, golden trout.

Young Lakes (upper)—from Tuolumne Mdw., 7.0 miles, brook trout.

Young Lakes (middle)—from Tuolumne Mdw., 6.7 miles, brook trout.

Young Lakes (lower)—from Tuolumne Mdw., 6.5 miles, brook trout.

LAKES REACHED BY A HIKE OF FROM EIGHT TO FOURTEEN MILES

Babcock Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 10.7 miles, brook trout.

Bernice Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 11.0 miles, brook trout.

Emerie Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 9.6 miles, rainbow trout.

Evelyn Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 9.2 miles, brook trout.

Florence Lakes (upper)—from Tuolumne Mdw., 14.0 miles, rainbow trout.

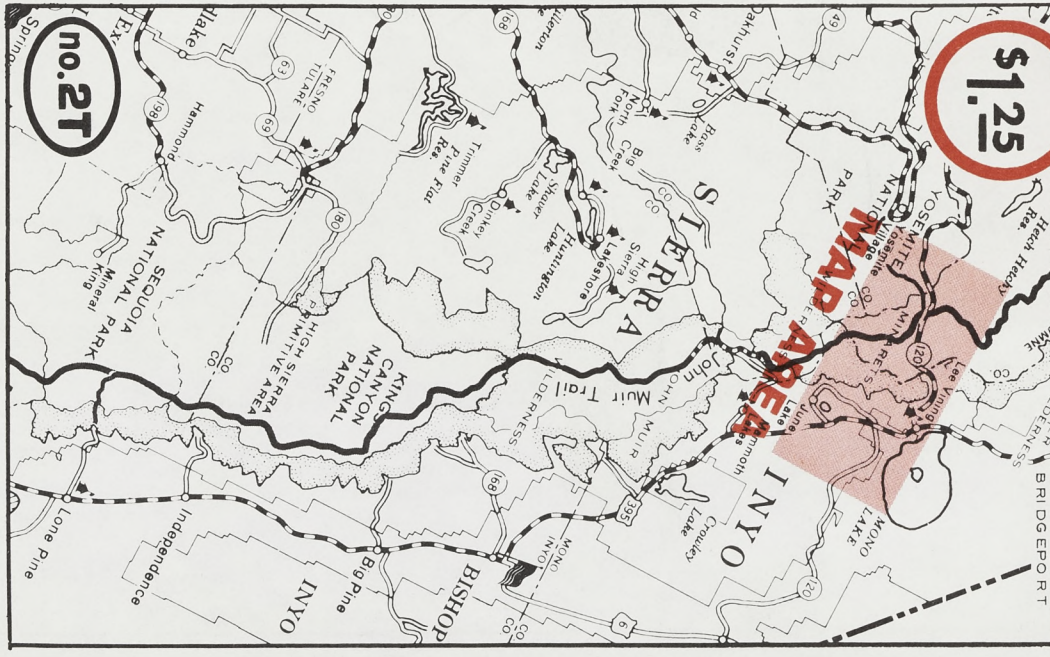
Florence Lakes (lower)—from Tuolumne Mdw., 13.5 miles, rainbow trout.

Gallison Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 11.0 miles, brook trout.

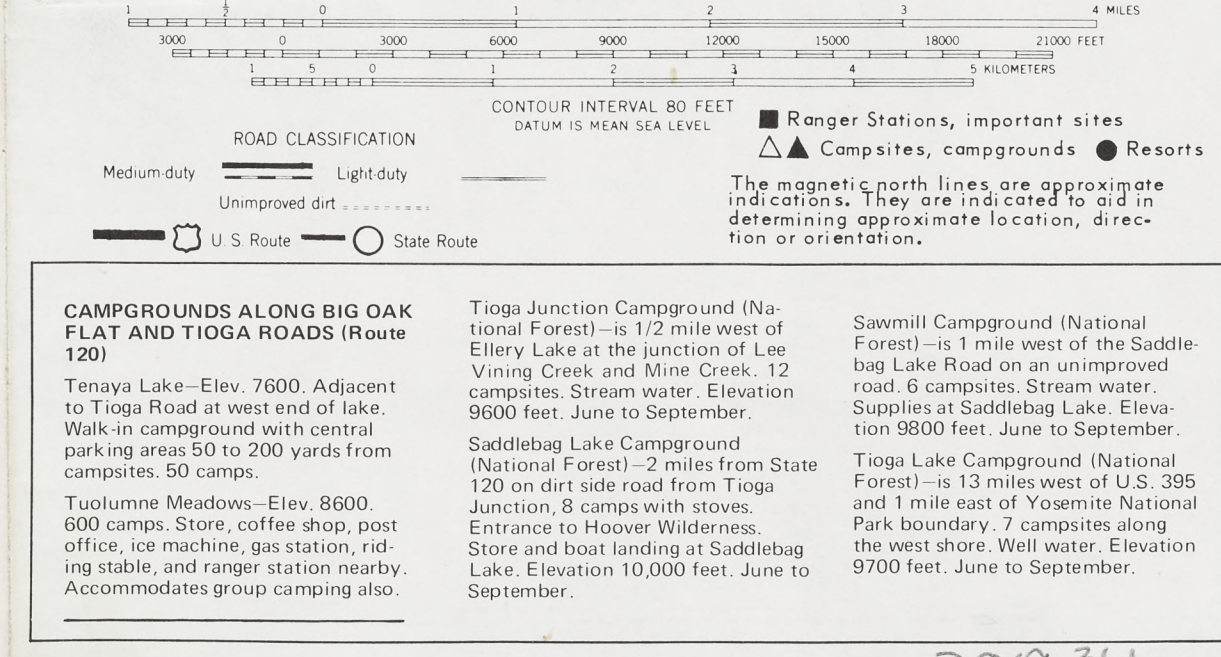
Ireland Lakes (2)—from Tuolumne Mdw., 10.5 miles, brook trout.

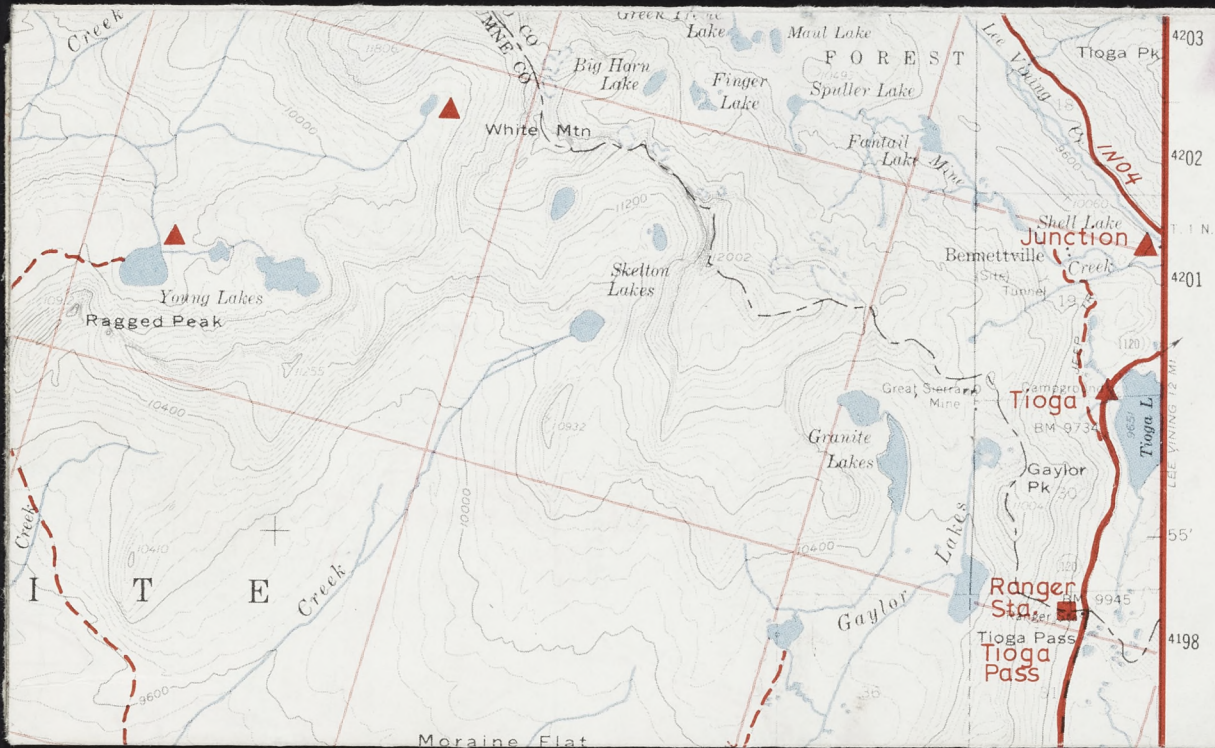
Mattie Lakes (2)—from Tuolumne Mdw., 8.0 miles, brook trout.

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Wolt and Tuolumne Meadows Lodge from mid-June to Labor Day. (Contact Yosemite Park and Curry Company, Yosemite National Park, California 95389.) A service station, store, coffee shop, and post office at Tuolumne Meadows are open from July 1 to Labor Day. There is also a service station at Crane Flat.

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LAKE REACHED BY A HIKE UP TO TWO MILES

Cathedral Lake (lower)—from Tioga Rd., 1.5 miles, brook trout.

Dog Lake—from Tuolumne Mdw., 1.3 miles, brook trout.

Gaylor Lakes (upper)—from Tioga Pass, 1.5 miles, brook trout.

Gaylor Lakes (middle)—from Tioga Pass, 1.0 mile, brook trout.

Granite Lakes (upper)—from Tioga Pass, 1.5 miles, rainbow trout, brook trout.